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- (f) Method 6. Proceed as directed in paragraph (a) of this section, except dilute sample with 0.05N sodium hydroxide (diluent 9).
- (g) Method 7. Proceed as directed in paragraph (a) of this section, except dilute sample with sodium carbonate solution (diluent 13).
- (h) Method 8. Proceed as directed in paragraph (a) of this section, except inject a test dose of 2.0 milliliters of the diluted sample per kilogram of rabbit weight.
- (i) Method 9. Proceed as directed in paragraph (a) of this section, except dilute sample with pyrogen-free sodium carbonate solution (diluent 15).
- (j) Method 10. Proceed as directed in paragraph (a) of this section, except dilute the sample with sodium carbonate solution (diluent 16).

[39 FR 18944, May 30, 1974, as amended at 40 FR 51625, Nov. 6, 1975; 45 FR 22921, Apr. 4, 1980; 50 FR 48397, Nov. 25, 1985; 53 FR 13401, Apr. 25, 1988]

## § 436.35 Depressor substances test.

Proceed as directed in the USP XX depressor substances test. Prepare the sample test solution as follows: For each antibiotic listed in the table below, select the appropriate diluent and test dose (concentration and volume). If the product is packaged for dispensing and is in a combination package with a container of diluent, dilute the product as directed in the labeling.

Antibiotic	Dilu- ent <sup>1</sup>	Con- centra- tion of test so- lution <sup>2</sup>	Volume of test solution to be in- jected <sup>3</sup>
Bleomycin sulfate	4	40.5	1.0
Capreomycin sulfate	4	3.0	1.0
Chlortetracycline hydro-			
chloride	3	5.0	.6
Clindamycin phosphate	4	5.0	1.0
Daunorubicin hydrochloride	4	1.5	1.0
Dihydrostreptomycin sulfate	4	3.0	1.0
Doxorubicin hydrochloride	4	1.5	1.0
Doxycycline hyclate	4	5.0	1.0
Lincomycin hydrochloride			
monohydrate	4	3.0	1.0
Minocycline hydrochloride	4	5.0	.6
Plicamycin	3	0.050	1.0
Mitomycin	4	0.050	1.0
Oxytetracycline 5	3	5.0	.6
Oxytetracycline hydrochloride	4	5.0	.6
Rolitetracycline	4	5.0	.6
Rolitetracycline nitrate	4	5.0	.6
Sodium colistimethate	4	3.0	1.6
Spectinomycin hydrochloride	4	15.0	1.0
Streptomycin sulfate	4	3.0	1 10

Antibiotic	Dilu- ent <sup>1</sup>	Con- centra- tion of test so- lution <sup>2</sup>	Volume of test solution to be in- jected <sup>3</sup>
Tetracycline hydrochloride	4	5.0	.6
Tetracycline phosphate 5	3	5.0	.6
Vidarabine monohydrate 5	4	1.0	1.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Diluent number as listed in sec. 436.31(b).

[46 FR 60568, Dec. 11, 1981, as amended at 46 FR 61071, Dec. 15, 1981; 49 FR 5096, Feb. 10,

## Subpart D—Microbiological Assay Methods

## §436.100 Laboratory equipment.

Equipment should be selected which is adequate for its intended use and should be thoroughly cleansed after each use to remove any antibiotic residues. The equipment should be kept covered when not in use. Clean glassware intended for holding and transferring the test organisms should be sterilized in a hot air oven at 200-220° C. for 2 hours. Volumetric flasks, pipettes, or accurately calibrated diluting devices should be used when diluting standard and sample solutions.

- Microbiological diffusion agar assay—(1) Cylinders. Use stainless steel cylinders with an outside diameter of 8 millimeters (±0.1 millimeter), an inside diameter of 6 millimeters (±0.1 millimeter), and a length of 10 millimeters (±0.1 millimeter).
- (2) Plates. Plastic or glass Petri dishes may be used, having dimensions of 20 by 100 millimeters. Covers should be of suitable material.
- Microbiological turbidimetric assay—(1) Tubes. Tubes which give satisfactory results and have uniform length and diameter should be used. If reusable tubes are employed, care must be taken to remove not only all antibiotic residues from the previous test but also all traces of cleaning solution.
- (2) Colorimeter. Use a suitable photoelectric colorimeter at a wavelength of 530 millimicrons. Set the instrument at absorbance zero with clear.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Milligrams of activity per milliliter.

Milliliters per kilogram of body weight.
 The concentration of the test solution is expressed in units

per milliliter in lieu of milligrams of activity per milliliter.

5 To prepare the test solution, proceed as directed in the individual section of the antibiotic drug regulation in this chapter for the antibiotic to be tested.